GOOD SHEPHERD REFUGE SOCIAL MINISTRIES TORONTO, ONTARIO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Good Shepherd Refuge Social Ministries

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Good Shepherd Refuge Social Ministries (the Organization), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024 and the statements of revenue and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2024 and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not for profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from donations the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donation revenue, excess revenue over expenditures, and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, current assets as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 and net assets as at April 1, 2023 and 2022, and March 31, 2024 and 2023. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

HAK Partners LLP

HAMILTON, ONTARIO July 25, 2024 HGK PARTNERS LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

GOOD SHEPHERD REFUGE SOCIAL MINISTRIES Balance Sheet As at March 31, 2024

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	2024	2023
ASSETS Current Cash Restricted cash - lottery Short term investments (<i>Note 2</i>) Accounts receivable (<i>Note 3</i>) Prepaid expenditures	\$ 1,992,810 120 3,607,444 587,022 <u>88,540</u> 6,275,936	\$ 2,846,968 120 3,420,018 229,108 44,457 6,540,671
Long term investments (Note 2) Capital assets (Note 4)	150,000 <u>9,114,402</u> <u>9,264,402</u> <u>\$ 15,540,338</u>	150,000 <u>8,609,177</u> <u>8,759,177</u> <u>\$ 15,299,848</u>
LIABILITIES Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (<i>Note 5</i>) Deferred contributions (<i>Note 6</i>)	\$ 861,346 <u>193,519</u> 1,054,865	\$ 752,575 <u>315,447</u> 1,068,022
Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 6)	<u> </u>	<u>395,193</u> 1,463,215
NET ASSETS Net assets internally restricted <i>(Note 7)</i> Internally restricted net assets invested in capital assets <i>(Note 8)</i> Unrestricted net assets	1,200,000 8,737,941 4,171,071 14,109,012 \$ 15,540,338	$1,200,000 \\ 8,213,984 \\ 4,422,649 \\ \hline 13,836,633 \\ \$ 15,299,848$

Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)

On behalf of the Board:

Director

Director

(See Accompanying Notes)

GOOD SHEPHERD REFUGE SOCIAL MINISTRIES Statement of Revenue and Expenditures Year Ended March 31, 2024

		2024		2023
Revenue				
Donations (Note 9)	\$	2,337,071	\$	2,289,584
Fundraising and other		582,036		_
Investment revenue (Note 12)		173,932		118,084
Care fees and rent		60,939		54,441
Other		20,961		5,090
Subsidies - City of Toronto - Hostel Services per diem		2,128,862		1,714,084
- City of Toronto - other (Note 10)		1,927,903		1,327,738
- Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care				
- AIDS Bureau		63,331		60,331
- Local Health Integrated Networks (LHIN)				
- Supportive Housing		786,606		712,552
- PSW wage enhancement		12,846		11,809
Grants - Toronto LHIN - Drug and Alcohol Recovery Enrichment		336,761		320,661
- Veteran and Family Well-Being Fund		624		68,075
- United Way - Winter Relief Grant		16,236		-
- Catholic Charities - Development Grant		131,056		95,001
- Other (Note 11)		126,000		200,941
Amortization of deferred capital asset grants (Note 6)		<u>58,732</u>		58,729
		<u>8,763,896</u>		7,037,120
Expenditures				
Computer and website support		183,187		163,008
Equipment rental		4,987		3,385
Food		401,324		305,836
Fundraising		266,912		10,000
Housekeeping and cleaning		270,671		157,790
Insurance		68,200		69,662
Kitchen supplies		113,037		136,679
Interest on loan		360		191,621
Mailing, promotion and publicity		54,409		41,015
Medical and nursing services		6,666		5,632
Miscellaneous		25,223		17,360
Office		116,618		93,298
Professional fees		67,402		39,617
Rent (Note 14)		44,460		20,307
Repairs and maintenance		115,522		138,787
Staff training		24,323		19,710
Telephone		62,670		65,128
Utilities		151,157		154,260
Vehicle (Note 13)		77,592		57,106
Wages and benefits		<u>6,129,448</u>		4,638,832
		<u>8,184,168</u>		<u>6,329,033</u>
Excess revenue over expenditures before amortization		579,728		708,087
Amortization	¢	<u>307,349</u> 272,370	¢	298,526
EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	272,379	\$	409,561

GOOD SHEPHERD REFUGE SOCIAL MINISTRIES Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended March 31, 2024

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	Internally Net Assets Restricted Internally Net Assets Restricted Invested in Capital Assets		Unrestricted Net Assets		Total		
		<u>2024</u>					
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,200,000	\$	8,213,984	\$	4,422,649	\$ 13,836,633
Excess revenue over expenditures		-		-		272,379	272,379
Amortization		-		(307,349)		307,349	-
Amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets		-		58,732		(58,732)	-
Invested in capital assets (net)		-		812,574		(812,574)	-
Increase in deferred contributions related to capital assets				<u>(40,000</u>)		40,000	
Balance, end of year	\$	1,200,000	\$	8,737,941	\$	4,171,071	<u>\$ 14,109,012</u>
				<u>20</u>	<u>23</u>		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,200,000	\$	4,315,930	\$	7,911,142	\$ 13,427,072
Excess revenue over expenditures		-		-		409,561	409,561
Amortization		-		(298,526)		298,526	-
Amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets		-		58,729		(58,729)	-
Principal (increase) reduction in demand term loan		-		3,986,666		(3,986,666)	-
Invested in capital assets (net) Increase in deferred contributions		-		419,485		(419,485)	-
related to capital assets				(268,300)		268,300	
Balance, end of year	\$	1,200,000	\$	8,213,984	\$	4,422,649	\$ 13,836,633

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	2024			2023	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Excess revenue over expenditures	\$	272,379	\$	409,561	
Items not requiring a cash outlay: Amortization		307,349		298,526	
Loss on disposition of investments		576		-	
Amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets		(58,732)		(58,729)	
Reinvested interest and dividend income		(137,651)		(47,446)	
Donations in kind - investments		(50,310)			
		333,611		601,912	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(357,914)		(97,701)	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenditures		(44,083)		87,263	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		108,773		353,660	
Increase (decrease) in tenant deposit		-		(12,000)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred contributions		<u>(121,928</u>)		206,124	
		(415,152)		537,346	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		<u>(81,541</u>)		1,139,258	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds on disposal of short term and long term investments		49,709		235,714	
Purchase of short term and long term investments		(49,750)		-	
Acquisition of capital assets		<u>(812,576</u>)		(419,485)	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(812,617)		(183,771)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Deferred contributions related to capital assets		40,000		268,300	
Issue of loan		-		26,450	
Repayment of loan		-		(26,450)	
Repayment of demand term loan		-		<u>(3,986,666</u>)	
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities		40,000		<u>(3,718,366</u>)	
Increase (decrease) in cash		(854,158)		(2,762,879)	
Cash, beginning of year		2,847,088		5,609,967	
Cash, end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,992,930	\$	2,847,088	
Cash Represented By:					
Cash	\$	1,991,521	\$	2,827,437	
Cash - held in broker accounts	4	1,289	~	19,531	
Restricted cash - lottery		120		120	
-	\$	1,992,930	\$	2,847,088	

DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION

Good Shepherd Refuge Social Ministries is a non-share capital corporation, with letters patent issued under Part II of the Canada Corporations Act and continued under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on October 10, 2013. Its primary purpose is to engage in charitable works and endeavours, of every nature and kind, and to establish, maintain and operate hostels or residences for people in need. As a result of its status as a registered charity, it is exempt from the payment of income taxes under provisions of the Income Tax Act of Canada.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Financial Instruments

(i) Measurement of Financial Instruments

The Good Shepherd Refuge Social Ministries initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. Transaction costs related to financial assets that will be subsequently measured at fair value are recognized in the statement of revenue and expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

Financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in related party transactions, except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the company is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost. The cost of a financial instrument in a related party transaction depends on whether the instrument has repayment terms.

The organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments which are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in in the statement of revenue and expenditures in the period incurred.

Financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash, restricted cash - lottery and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

(ii) Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write down is recognized in the statement of revenue and expenditures. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statement of revenue and expenditures.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Investments

Short term investments consist of fixed revenue securities capable of reasonably prompt liquidation or maturing within twelve months from the fiscal year end. Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair values are estimated using year end quoted market values. Investment revenue includes interest, dividends and realized and unrealized gains and losses. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

(c) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization of capital assets is recorded on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Land improvements	- 25 years
Buildings	- 25 - 40 years
Building improvements	- 10 - 25 years
Computer equipment	- 5 years
Furniture and equipment	- 10 - 15 years
Vehicles	- 4 - 6 years

Maintenance and repair costs are recognized as an expenditure when incurred. Betterments or improvements that significantly increase or prolong the service life or capacity of a capital asset are capitalized.

A capital asset is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized on the statement of revenue and expenditures when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the capital asset exceeds its fair value. An impairment loss is not reversed if the fair value of the capital asset subsequently increases.

(d) Revenue Recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions which include funding from the provincial and municipal governments and other charitable organizations and donations from various donors.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred.

Contributions externally restricted for capital assets are deferred and amortized over the life of the related capital asset (*Note* 1(c)). The effect of this policy is to include amortization of deferred contributions in current revenue, matching the amortization of the assets capitalized with these dollars.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenue from bequests is recorded when the proceeds are received and any conditions attached to the bequests are acceptable to the organization.

Fees for services and other revenue are recognized as they are earned. Revenue from fundraising special events and a lottery are recognized upon completion of the event.

(e) Donations in Kind

Donations of food and clothing and other contributed assets received during the year are not accounted for in these financial statements, except for those where fair value can be reasonably estimated at the date of contribution, are used in the normal course of the organization's operations, would otherwise have been purchased and a donation receipt was issued.

(f) Contributed Services

Volunteers contribute an indeterminable number of hours per year. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in these financial statements.

(g) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Key estimates include the amortization period and rates for capital assets. These estimates are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in the period in which they become known.

2. INVESTMENTS

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Short Term Investments Renaissance High Interest Savings Account Money Market Fund	\$ 340,444	\$ 320,018
Guaranteed Investment Certificates, interest ranging from 4.60% to 5.53% (2023 - 2.80% to 3.90%), maturing from May 3, 2024 to June 28, 2024 (2023 - May 2, 2023 to June 26, 2023) Long Term Investments	<u>3,267,000</u> 3,607,444	
 Prime minus 2.25%, one year and two days, cashable guaranteed investment certificate maturing August 12, 2024 (2023 - prime minus 2.25%, August 10, 2023) Total investments 	<u> </u>	
3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
City of Toronto Interest receivable HST rebate receivable Other	\$ 141,231 135,520 292,722 17,549 \$ 587,022	86,852 123,398 <u>18,858</u>

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

			2023				
	 Cost	Accumulated Amortization Net		Net	_	Net	
Property - land	\$ 5,807,216	\$	-	\$	5,807,216	\$	5,806,915
Land improvements	145,984		5,839		140,145		31,828
Building - Mathias Place	904,519		-		904,519		386,501
Buildings	3,281,962		2,258,627		1,023,335		1,108,613
Building improvements	1,644,093		727,526		916,567		872,718
Computer equipment	158,143		121,233		36,910		43,928
Furniture and equipment	1,940,073		1,660,345		279,728		307,758
Vehicles	 215,741		209,759	_	5,982		50,916
	\$ 14,097,731	\$	4,983,329	\$	9,114,402	\$	8,609,177

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The parcel of land and related lease for property located at 412 Queen Street East and 10 Tracy Street, Toronto was transferred by the Little Brothers of the Good Shepherd (LBGS) to the Good Shepherd Centre for nominal monetary consideration in the March 31, 1997 fiscal year for the work of the Brothers.

The land at 10 Tracy Street is leased to Good Shepherd Non Profit Homes (GSNPH) under the terms of a 50 year ground lease dated August, 1991 at a nominal amount of \$2. GSNPH entered into a tripartite agreement in August 1991 with LBGS and the Ontario Housing Corporation to arrange a leasehold mortgage for the construction of a building on this property. As at March 31, 2024 the balance of the leasehold mortgage held by GSNPH on this property is \$825,323 (2023 - \$974,852) and matures April 1, 2029.

Good Shepherd Refuge Social Ministries is related to GSNPH as both organizations were established by the members of the religious order of the Little Brothers of the Good Shepherd (LBGS). In 2015, the LBGS canonically fused with the Hospitaller Order of St. John (HOSJOG) and is now known as the Hospitaller Order of St. John of God - Province of the Good Shepherd in North America.

A parcel of land at 1731 Lawrence Avenue, Toronto, was purchased during the March 31, 2022 fiscal year in the amount of \$5,634,915 plus professional fees in the amount of \$75,586, for which a building project named Mathias Place is still under development as at March 31, 2024. Management has applied to various levels of government for both capital and operating funds in order to obtain funding in the next fiscal year to develop the property into a viable non profit supportive housing operation.

As at March 31, 2024 a building improvement project for a fire escape in the amount of \$70,000 and an elevator upgrade in amount of \$57,167 (2023 - land improvement of \$31,828) were under development, as disclosed in *Note 13* and therefore, have not been amortized.

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable relating to payroll taxes and workplace safety insurance in the amount of \$23,851 (2023 - \$19,589). Also included is a return of surplus unspent funds to the City of Toronto of \$165,046 (2023 - \$218,020).

6. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred contributions represents the unexpended portion of designated contributions including program funding and grants received that are related to expenditures for subsequent periods as well as monies received for fundraising events scheduled for the next fiscal year.

6. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represents funding for the acquisition of capital assets which will be recognized as revenue in accordance with *Note* 1(d).

Deferred Contributions Balance, beginning of year Current year funding received related to the following year Earned in the year Balance, end of year	\$ <u>\$</u>	<u>2024</u> 315,447 191,019 <u>(312,947)</u> <u>193,519</u>	\$ <u>\$</u>	<u>2023</u> 109,323 300,674 (94,550) <u>315,447</u>
Funding was received for the year from the following grants or contributions:				
City of Toronto Special events - 2024/2025 Gala Other Foundations- other funding Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets Balance, beginning of year Current year funding received related to the following year Amortized to current revenue Balance, end of year	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	- 191,019 - <u>191,019</u> 395,193 40,000 (58,732) <u>376,461</u>	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	114,640 - <u>186,034</u> <u>300,674</u> 185,622 268,300 (58,729) <u>395,193</u>
Funding was received for the year from the following: Ontario Trillium Foundation (OTF) - elevator upgrade Ontario Health - fire escape upgrade CMHC Seed funding - Mathias Place housing project	\$ <u>\$</u>	- 40,000 - 40,000	\$ <u>\$</u>	118,300 - <u>150,000</u> <u>268,300</u>

The organization entered into an agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) effective June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2024 to receive seed funding contribution of \$150,000 and a financial loan of \$26,450 which was repaid as at March 31, 2023, for the Mathias Place housing project. Eligibility for the contribution is conditional upon ongoing compliance with the terms and conditions of the agreement and the project must at all times meet the minimum affordability criteria in accordance with municipal/provincial standards or, as determined by CMHC. The OTF and CMHC funding of \$268,300 is in deferred contributions related to capital assets as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

7. NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED

In 2002, the Board of Directors internally restricted \$750,000 of the unrestricted net assets to be held for project development purposes. During the 2008 fiscal year the Board of Directors internally restricted an additional \$150,000 of the unrestricted net assets to be held for project development purposes.

In 2005, the Board of Directors internally restricted \$150,000 of the unrestricted net assets to be held as a capital asset replacement reserve. During the 2008 fiscal year the Board of Directors internally restricted an additional \$150,000 of the unrestricted net assets to be held as a capital asset replacement reserve.

8. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS

During the current fiscal year the Board of Directors internally restricted net assets invested in capital assets. Internally restricted net assets invested in capital assets are represented by the net book value of capitalized assets less related deferred contributions and debt. Net assets invested in capital assets represents the amount of net assets that are not available for other purposes because they have been utilized in capital assets.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Capital assets (<i>Note 4</i>) Deferred contributions related to capital assets (<i>Note 6</i>)	\$ 9,114,402 (376,461)	\$ 8,609,177 (395,193)
1	\$ 8,737,941	\$ 8,213,984

9. DONATIONS

During the year, the organization issued receipts for donations in kind in the amount of \$174,582 (2023 - \$142,322) and cash donations of approximately \$6,671 which are included in donations and fundraising on the statement of revenue and expenditures.

Donations by major source are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Bequests and estates	\$ 166,010	\$ 119,584
Foundations	328,268	291,453
In kind	174,582	142,322
Individuals and other corporate	1,537,653	1,538,326
Other not for profit organizations	 130,558	 197,899
	\$ 2,337,071	\$ 2,289,584

10. SUBSIDIES - CITY OF TORONTO - OTHER

10. Soldinalis entrol tokonto officik		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Community Liaison Worker Program Homeless Initiative Fund (HIF) - Drop In Program HIF - Consolidated Homelessness Prevention Program Municipal Covid 19 Grant Shelter Diversion Housing Follow-Up Infection Prevention and Control (IPAC) funding	\$ <u>\$</u>	20,000 250,000 210,755 500,737 338,310 588,101 <u>20,000</u> <u>1,927,903</u>	\$ <u>\$</u>	80,000 82,032 207,004 547,994 167,935 159,773 <u>83,000</u> <u>1,327,738</u>
11. GRANTS - OTHER		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Royal Canadian Legion Helmet to Hardhats Canada Grant	\$ \$	- <u>126,000</u> 126,000	\$ <u>\$</u>	136,741 64,200 200,941
12. INVESTMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Investment Revenue Investment interest	<u>\$</u>	173,932	<u>\$</u>	118,084

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The organization is committed to the following vehicle operating and office equipment lease payments (excluding harmonized sales tax):

2025	-	\$ 19,644
2026	-	11,618
2027	-	 3,043
Total future lease payments	-	\$ 34,305

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, the organization entered into a commitment with a contractor for a 3 storey fire escape project for approximately \$90,000 (excluding harmonized sales tax) which was completed April, 2024.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the organization entered into a commitment with a contractor for a land improvement project for approximately \$147,000 (inclusive of harmonized sales tax), which was completed as at March 31, 2024, and a contract for approximately \$110,000 (excluding harmonized sales tax) for an elevator upgrade which was completed April, 2024.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Good Shepherd Refuge Social Ministries is related to GSNPH as both organizations were established by the members of the religious order of the Little Brothers of the Good Shepherd (LBGS). In 2015, the LBGS canonically fused with the Hospitaller Order of St. John (HOSJOG) and is now known as the Hospitaller Order of St. John of God - Province of the Good Shepherd in North America. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 Good Shepherd Centre paid rent to GSNPH in the amount of \$36,000 (2023 - \$12,000).

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following analysis provides a measure of Good Shepherd Refuge Social Ministries' financial instrument risk exposure and concentrations at March 31, 2024:

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The organization determines, on a continuous basis, amounts receivable on the basis of amounts it is virtually certain to receive based on their estimated realizable value. The credit risk on receivables is limited as the amounts owing are from municipal and other government entities. Substantially all of the organization's cash is held at one financial institution and as such the organization is subject to the risks associated with that financial institution.

(b) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rate. As at March 31, 2024 the organization had fixed interest rate investments as described in *Note 2* and a variable interest rate demand term loan as described in *Note*. Interest rate risk decreased as at March 31, 2024 with the repayment of the demand term loan. Fixed rate instruments subject the organization to a fair value risk while the floating rate instruments subject it to a cash flow risk.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) (d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The organization has sufficient funds to settle current liabilities. Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally paid within 30 days. The organization meets its liquidity requirements by preparing and monitoring detailed forecasts of cash flows from operations, anticipating investing and financing activities and holding assets that can be readily converted into cash. During the prior year liquidity risk decreased as a result of repayment of the demand term loan.

There has been no significant change to the risk exposures other than as noted above from the prior year.

16. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain figures have been restated to reflect the presentation adopted for the current fiscal year.